

Browns

- Shredded dry leaves
- Egg shells
- Used mulch, such as wood chips and hay
- Pine needles (be careful not to be heavy-handed, as they break down into an acidic soil)
- Finished vegetable crops (be sure not put in diseased plants)
- Shredded black and white newspaper
- Sawdust
- Nutshells
- Food-soiled napkins or paper towels
- Food-soiled cardboard
- Dried flowers
- Old potting soil
- Corn cobs (take a while to decompose!)



Greens

- Fruits, vegetables, and their peels
- Coffee grinds (filters, too)
- Tea bags
- Fallen fruit
- Fresh leaves
- Green plants
- Pruning's and hedge trimmings
- Grass clippings
- Flower bouquets
- Weeds (make sure to compost both annual and perenial weeds thor oughly because they can regenerate)
- Seaweed

Composting Do's and Dont's



Composting Dont's

- Animal protein scraps/ dairy products
- Animal or human manure
- Colored newspapers, books, and magazines
- Plastic materials
- Grass clippings that may contain residual weed killers
- Coal and charcoal ashes
- Diseased Plants

